#### What Would Happen if a Condominium **Corporation Did Not Have Insurance?**

News articles over the past 6 to 9 months have identified that there is a looming problem in the condominium industry where individual condominium corporations are having trouble either affording, or obtaining, the insurance which is required under the Alberta Condominium Property Act, and its associated regulations. This research explores the question from several perspectives as it strives to reconcile the risks and ramifications to condominium corporation stakeholders if a corporation is unable to 'hold and maintain' the government mandated insurance.

This poster identifies relevant questions corporations must ask and graphically illustrates the risks and ramifications to the stakeholders of the corporation that include: the Corporation, Board of Directors, Individual Board Members, Unit Owners, and Tenants. It culminates with conclusions and recommendations that corporations need to consider to mitigate against the risk of not being able to 'hold and maintain' in accordance with the Alberta Condominium Property Act and associated Regulations (January 1, 2020).

#### **15 Things Condominium Owners Need to** Know

- 1. What are the Top-5 costs to the condominium corporation?
- 2. What percentage of a corporation's annual budget do condominium insurance premiums represent?
- 3. How much has the corporation's insurance premium and deductible increased, year over year, for the past five years?
- 4. How much have condominium fees increased, year over year, across the same five-year period?
- 5. Has the Condominium Corporation segregated sufficient funds on its balance sheet to cover the Corporation's insurance deductible? If not, then what is the plan to pay that deductible?
- 6. Can an unit owner sell a condominium if the condominium corporation does not have insurance?
- 7. How many claims has the corporation made in the past five years?
- 8. How is and individual owner affected if other owners are unable to pay their condominium fees?
- 9. How closely does the condominium corporation adhere to the Reserve Fund Study recommendations? If not, why?
- 10.Does the corporation have enough money to do all the regularly scheduled maintenance that it wants to do? If not, how does it decide what will get done?
- 11. What is the impact to unit owners if the Corporation is unable to secure enough insurance to meet its needs? Or, it cannot afford the insurance that is offered?
- 12. What is the condominium corporation doing to mitigate against rising insurance costs?
- 13. What role does the Government of Alberta play in ensuring availability and affordability of insurance?
- 14. If the government legislation requires condominium corporations to 'hold and maintain insurance' but does not cap the amount that insurance can be charged, then what happens?
- 15. If the government is not responsible to ensure that insurance is obtainable and affordable, then who is?

### What Causes Insurance Rates to Increase?

Insurance rates are derived from a combination of factors:

- 1. From the business' perspective these include: interest rates, profit margin and loss payouts.
- 2. From the clients' perspective: past claims history, age of building, geographic location, maintenance history of the building.

# **Could Skyrocketing Costs of Insurance Bankrupt a Condo Corporation?**

Michael Ryan ORGA-498-CC01(1) Independent Studies - Management

## **Grant MacEwan University**

#### **Risk Assessment**

A risk assessment is a method for identifying hazards, analyzing associated risks, to determine appropriate ways to eliminate hazards or to mitigate risk.

A risk matrix is used during risk assessment to correlate probability of occurrence with the severity of occurrence. It is a tool that provides management with a visual representation of Impact vs. Likelihood of occurrence.

#### Table 1: Risk Rating Matrix

		LOW		MEDIUM		HIGH	
		IMPACT					
	Score	Not Applicable	Insignificant	Minor	Moderate	Critical	Catastrophic
Likelihood	Not Applicable						16
	Unlikely						16
	Seldom				8	16	32
	Occasional			8	16	32	64
	Likely	8	8	16	32		128
	Definite	16	16	32	64	128	256

#### Table 2: Top-10 Highest Loss Years on Record

This chart identifies the Top-10 Highest Loss Years on Record. 7 of the 10 largest Loss Payouts on record have occurred since 1998 and were for losses incurred in Alberta. Losses are a component of premiums.

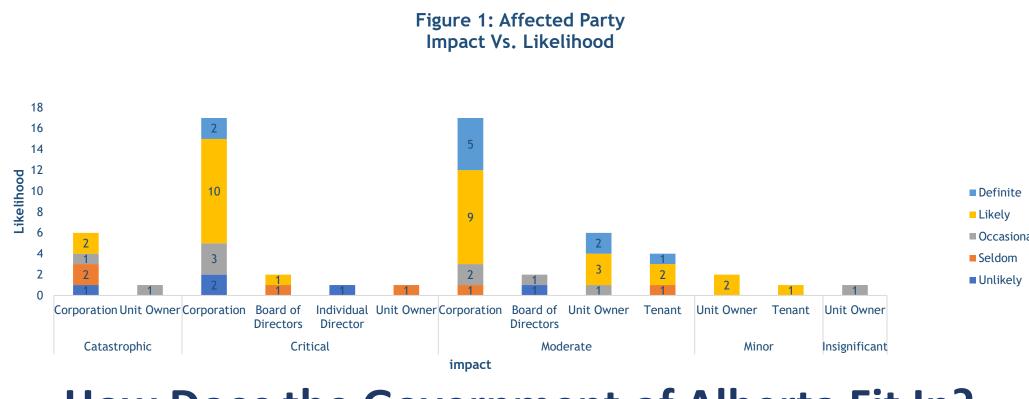
Rank	Year	Total loss	Notable Severe Weather Event
		(\$ Billion)	
1	2016	5,261	Fort McMurray, Alberta, fire
2	2013	3,418	Alberta and Greater Toronto Area floods
3	1998	2,494	Quebec ice storm
4	2018	2,113	Multiple events including Ontario and Quebec rainstorms and windstorms
5	2011	1,740	Slave Lake, Alberta, fire and windstorm
6	2012	1,456	Calgary rainstorm
7	2019	1,334	Multiple events
8	2005	1,299	Ontario rainstorm
9	2017	1,255	Multiple events
10	2010	1,226	Calgary rainstorm
	Total	21,596	

#### Table 3: Top Insured Damage Severe Weather Events in 2019

This chart shows the Top Insured Damage Severe Weather Events occurring in Canada in 2019.

Date	Event	Loss	Location	
Dutt		(\$ Million)		
January 24 to 25	Winter	40	Eastern Canada	
January ZH to ZJ	storm	-10		
February 3 to 4	Winter	70	Ontario	
Tebruary 5 to 4	storm	70	Untario	
February 24 to 25	Winter	48	Southern Ontario	
TEDIUALY 24 to 25	storm	40		
Mid-March	Two winter	114	Greater Toronto Area and	
MIG-March	storms	114	Eastern Canada	
April to May	Floods	208	Quebec and New Brunswick	
July and August	Hailstorms	181	Western Canada	
Contombor	Hurricane	105	Eastern Canada	
September	Dorian	105		
October	Storm	250	Eastern Canada	
	Total	1,016		

This chart demonstrates how condominium corporation stakeholders are affected when comparing the Risk Impact and Risk Likelihood are considered. It illustrates that the Condominium Corporation bears the greatest aggregated incidence of Risk Impact and greatest Aggregated incidence of Likelihood of being imperiled.

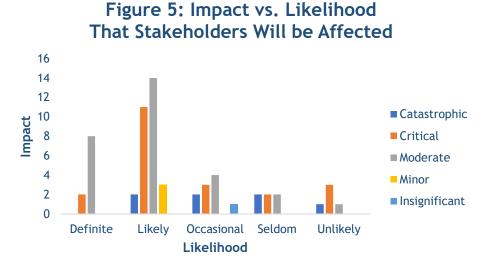


There are several elements that influence insurance premiums and deductibles, and therefore affordability, of insurance in Alberta. Principal among them is legislation requiring condominium corporations to 'hold and maintain' full replacement insurance on the property, without a cap on what may be charged by insurance companies.

This chart illustrates that the largest percentage of risks to a Corporation results from government inaction.



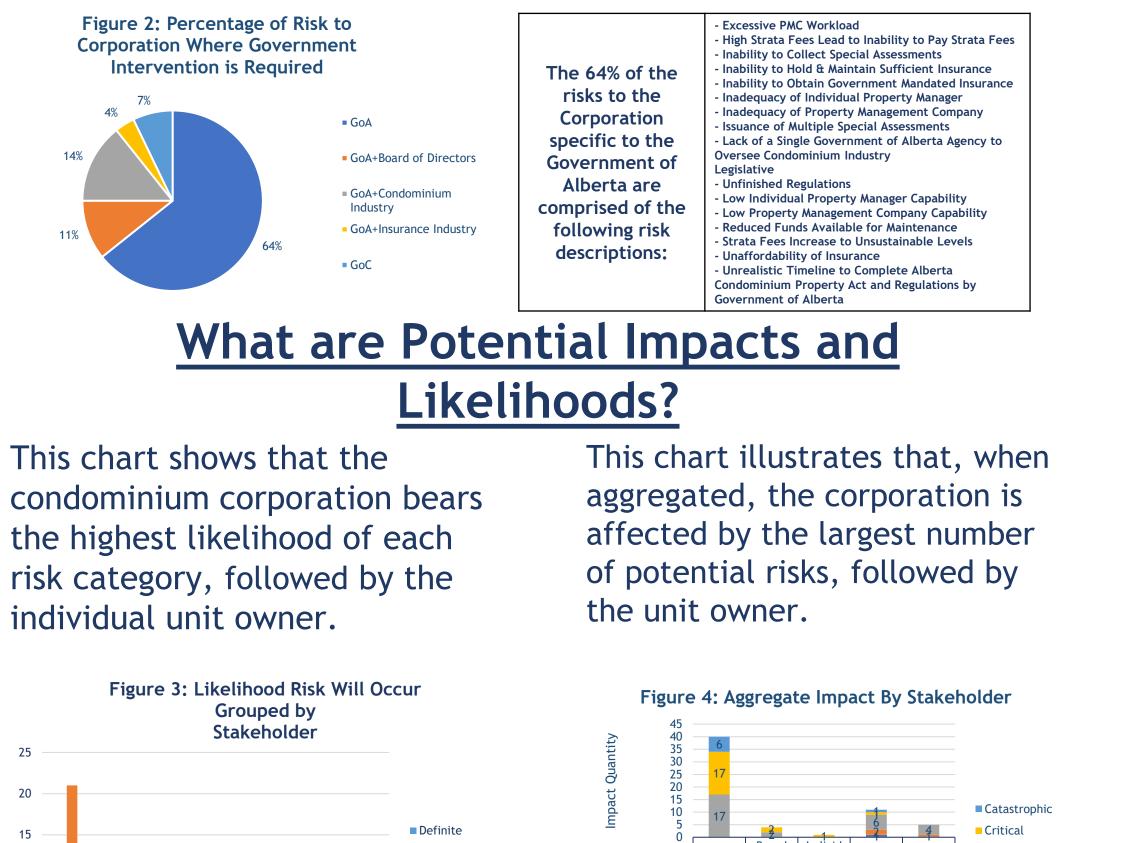
This chart shows the Impact Score vs. the Likelihood Score for the condominium corporation stakeholders. When all stakeholders are selected, the chart shows the strong probability that the impact to the stakeholders will be Likely to Definite.

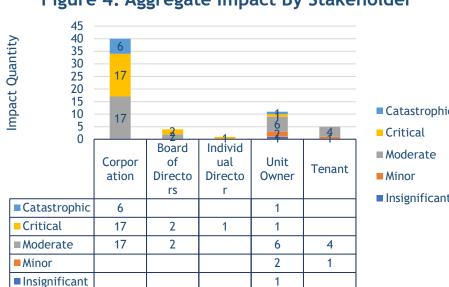


#### **Impact of Escalating Cost of Insurance**

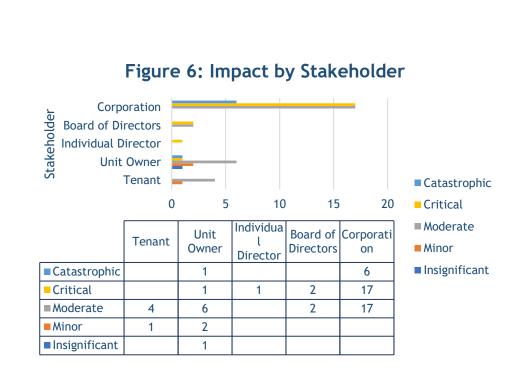
The potential Impact to condominium corporation stakeholders, stemming from rising costs of insurance, range from: Insignificant to Catastrophic with Likelihood of Occurrence ranging from: Unlikely to Definite.

#### **How Does the Government of Alberta Fit In?**





This chart shows the degree of impact borne by each stakeholder group within the corporation. It demonstrates that the most significant impacts are borne by the Corporation.



1. Government intervention is essential to prevent financial ruin of the condominium industry in Alberta.

insurance/

damage-in-2019 Malbeuf, J. (2020, January 15). \$80M condo complex stuck without insurance in Fort McMurray. [Web page]. Retrieved from https://www.cbc.ca/news/canada/edmonton/condo-complex-lougheed-estates-fort-mcmurray-insurance-1.542713 Malbeuf, J. (2020, March 2). Did your condo insurance fees skyrocket? This lawyer wants to know about it. [Web page]. Retrieved from

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Associate Professor Department



#### Conclusions

The Government of Alberta must work expeditiously to rationalize the requirement for condominium corporations to 'hold and maintain' insurance with the affordability and availability of insurance. Not doing so, places condominium corporations, and by

extension, unit owners, in financial peril. 3. Lobbying government will be required because the ramifications to the governing party will likely have a negative political impact for that governing party.

4. Condominium corporations must work to reduce their risk profile as a means to mitigate potential insurance premium and deductible increases.

#### Recommendations

1. Lobbying the government to make the necessary changes will require the support of all stakeholders within the condominium industry and will require unit owners to take an active role in campaigning for this change.

2. Corporations must know their Insurance Risk Profile and use it as the foundation for developing and maintaining a Risk Mitigation strategy. 3. Corporations must perform the prescribed maintenance as it is outlined in the Corporation's Reserve Fund Study.

4. Corporations must not use the Corporation's insurance policy as a means by which to pay for maintenance of the property.

5. Corporations should proactively develop relationships with the key sub-trades and business partners of the Corporation, so that they are well positioned if a crisis occurs. These partnerships should include, but are not limited to, mechanical systems, heating ventilation air conditioning (HVAC), legal, insurance (broker and/or insurance companies) and property management.

6. Corporations must be willing to examine all possible options to secure the best possible insurance coverage with the appropriate deductible that best meets their needs for the best possible price. 7. Corporations should segregate funds on their balance sheet equal to at least 1x their deductible to ensure funds are available, if needed.

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#### Subject Matter Experts

Victoria Archer, Condominium Lawyer, Gledhill Larocque J. D. Crookshanks, Statute Administrator, Service Alberta Gerry Hodgson, CEO, Insurance Institute of Alberta

Wayne Maday, Director, Insurance Policy, Treasury and Finance Board,

Government of Alberta

Dawn Mitchell, Insurance Broker, Hub Insurance

Rob de Pruis, Director, Industry and Consumer Relations, Insurance Bureau of Canada

David Sorenson, Deputy Superintendent of Insurance, Treasury and Finance Board, Government of Alberta

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Chris Hancock

Organizational Behaviour, Human Resources and Management

School of Business, Grant MacEwan University